

Attribute Specification

Version 1.0 (04 April 2012)

Attribute Specification

Purpose of this document

In a federation, information about the user is represented in SAML attributes transferred from the Identity Provider to the Service Provider. It is important for both parties to interpret the data in the same way.

Exact definitions of the attributes are maintained in their defining schemas. Within this specification, we use the following schemas:

- person, organizationalPerson (X.521)
- inetOrgPerson (RFC2798)
- eduPerson (http://middleware.internet2.edu/eduperson/, version 200806)
- SCHAC (http://www.terena.org/activities/tf-emc2/schacreleases.html, version 1.4.1)
- niifPerson, niifEduPerson (NIIFSchema)

This Attribute Specification provides an *interpretation* of the defined attributes for their use within the federation. It might be somewhat more specific than the original definition, in order to let the SPs get more specific information about the user.

Beyond the specification, parties may bilaterally agree on any other attributes.

Use of attributes

Terms

- An attribute is **implemented**, if the information is available according to the semantics of the specification. Releasing an implemented attribute is simply a policy decision of the IdP.
- An attribute is **released**, when the data is transferred from the IdP to an SP. Not all available information is sent out normally, only the attributes that are relevant for the SP.

Levels of implementation

- **Mandatory**: every IdP must implement the attribute.
- **Recommended**: it is recommended for every IdP to implement the attribute, however, it is understood that it might be impossible or very complex for certain IdPs
- **Optional**: an IdP may freely implement the attribute, however, the implementation must follow this specification.

Attribute Requirements of the SP

SPs can indicate attribute requirements among the information provided to <u>Resource Registry</u>. This information also shows up in the federation metadata. From the point of view of the SP, an attribute can be:

• **Required**: the information is a requirement for the proper operation of the SP application

i.e. eduPersonPrincipalName is often required for applications, which are not prepared for handling opaque identifiers.

• **Desired**: the information can add extra functionality to the application or can provide better user experience

i.e. when displayName is transferred, the user is not prompted to supply his or her common name.

Attributes

Summary

Mandatory attributes

eduPersonPrincipalName eduPersonTargetedID eduPersonScopedAffiliation schacHomeOrganizationType

Recommended attributes

displayName
mail
eduPersonEntitlement

Optional attributes

Attributes describing user properties	Attributes describing institutional relationship	Attributes for educational use
sn	ou	niifEduPersonAttendedCourse
givenName	eduPersonOrgUnitDN	niifEduPersonArchiveCourse
preferredLanguage	eduPersonPrimaryOrgUnitDN	niifEduPersonHeldCourse
schacDateOfBirth		niifEduPersonMajor
schacYearOfBirth		niifEduPersonFaculty
schacPersonalTitle		niifEduPersonFacultyDN
niifPersonMothersName niifEduPersonStudentCateg		niifEduPersonStudentCategory
niifPersonResidentalAddress		
homePostalAddress		
telephoneNumber		
mobile		
eduPersonNickName		
Cn		
jpegPhoto		
labeledUri		

Persistent user identifiers

For most services, it is necessary to store application-specific data, such as user edits for a wiki page. This data is stored in a database, which is local to the SP, while the key between the user and the database entry is the **persistent user identifier**.

Persistent identifiers can be:

- **computed**: the identifier is generated run-time from one or more attributes of the user (usually by some cryptographic hashing algorithm).
- **stored**: the identifier is stored in the user's digital identity at the IdP, thus it is persistent even when other user information is changed. Uniqueness of the identifier must be preserved.

Identifiers can hold the following properties:

- **persistence**: IdPs must ensure that the identifier does not change during the life-cycle of the user at the institution.
- **non-reassignable**: IdPs must ensure that an identifier of a user will not be reassigned to another user.
- opacity: opaque identifiers do not refer to any personal data
- **targeted**: targeted identifiers are different for each SP, thus the SPs are unable to build common user profile without the cooperation of the IdP. Such identifiers are preferred from privacy reasons.

Persistent identifiers can be transferred in SAML attributes or in NameID of a SAML Assertion. Certain SP implementations (such as Shibboleth 2.x) can hide the details of the transfer, and can provide a persistent identifier in REMOTE_USER header.

List of attributes

In this specification, only mandatory and recommended attributes are specified. The <u>Hungarian version of</u> <u>the Attribute Specification</u> contains descriptions of the optional attributes as well. If you have any questions regarding the optional attributes, please contact the Federation Operator.

	eduPersonTargetedID
Name	URI: urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:eduPersonTargetedID OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.5923.1.1.1.10
Description	Opaque, targeted, non-reassignable identifier
Implementation level	mandatory
	See: https://wiki.shibboleth.net/confluence/display/SHIB2/NativeSPTargetedID
Semantics	An SP must process the received value, it must not forward unparsed XML value to the application. NameQualifier must be included in the parsed value, which is forwarded to the application. It is qualifier values) with an exclamation mark ('!').
Allowed values	no stipulation
No. of values	single
Syntax	Must be a SAML2 persistent NameID; the unique identifier part must not be longer than 256 ASCII
Asserted by	institution
Example	An IdP sends the attribute on the wire such as:

eduPersonTargetedID

```
<saml2:NameID xmlns:saml2="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:assertion"
Format="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:nameid-format:persistent"
NameQualifier="https://idp.example.org/idp/shibboleth"
SPNameQualifier="https://sp.example.org/shibboleth">
84e411ea-7daa-4a57-bbf6-b5cc52981b73
</saml2:NameID>
The application at the SP receives the attribute as the following:
```

https://idp.example.org/idp/shibboleth!https://sp.example.org/shibboleth!&

eduPersonPrincipalName

	eduPersonPrincipalName
Name	URI: urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:eduPersonPrincipalName OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.5923.1.1.1.6
Description	Persistent, non-targeted, non-reassignable personal identifier
Implementation level	mandatory
	Format: <local_id>@<scope></scope></local_id>
	where:
	 <local_id>: arbitrary persistent key which unambiguously maps to a person within an institution.</local_id>
Semantics	• < scope >: local security domain. It must have a format as a DNS domain, and ends with a resolvable domain name, which is possessed by the identity provider institution. (Note: the scope as a whole may not be resolved from DNS.)
	Note: eduPersonPrincipalName is sensitive personal data, it is often equal to the mail address of the person. It is recommended to use it only within the institution's domain. For federation use, opaque, targeted identifiers are more privacy preserving.
	eduPersonPrincipalName must not be reassigned
Allowed values	no stipulation
No. of values	single
Syntax	Directory String
Asserted by	institution
Example	gipsz.jakab@example.org

displayName

displayName	
Name	URI: urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:displayname OID: 2.16.840.1.113730.3.1.241
Description	Display name of the person
Implementation level	recommended
	Full name of the person in a form the user (or his or her institution) probably wants to be shown.
Semantics	For international use, please note that Hungarian names are usually in the form of <i>Surname Givenname</i> , and names often contain accented or other non-ascii characters. But also note that this document does not specify the exact name order.
Allowed values	no stipulation
No. of values	single
Syntax	Directory String
Asserted by	not defined
Example	Gipsz Jakab Aladár

mail

	mail
Name	URI: urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:mail OID: 0.9.2342.19200300.100.1.3
Description	Mail address of the person
Implementation level	recommended
	Notification email address of the person. The institution asserts that
Semantics	 either the address is provided by the institution to the person or the address was provided by the person and the availability and the possession of the mailbox was verified (i.e. by sending a verification email before recording).
Allowed values	Valid email address
No. of values	multi
Syntax	See also: <u>RFC 2822</u>
Asserted by	institution

Example

eduPersonScopedAffiliation

eduPersonScopedAffiliation		
Name	URI: urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:eduPersonScopedAffiliation OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.5923.1.1.1.9	
Description	Describes the relationship between the person and the institution	
Implementation level	mandatory	
	<affiliation>@<scope></scope></affiliation>	
Semantics	 <affiliation>: the following values are permitted student: the person is a student at the institution faculty: the person is a member of the teaching or researching staff staff: the person is a member of the non-teaching staff (ie. IT personnel, etc) employee: the person is employed in the institution (not recommended for use between institutions) member: users who get basic set of privileges. In general, users having student, faculty or staff affiliations, should also be given this value. affiliate: the user is recognised by the institution, but no basic privileges should be given. alum: alumni library-walk-in: affiliated to the library only </affiliation> <scope>: local security domain. It must have a format as a DNS domain, and ends with a resolvable domain name, which is possessed by the identity provider institution. (Note: the scope as a whole may not be resolved from DNS.)</scope> 	
Allowed values	One of the following: {student,faculty,staff,employee,member,affiliate,alum,library-walk-in}, followed by the scope	
No. of values	multi	
Syntax	Directory String	
Asserted by	institution	
Example	 Learners: student@example.org;member@example.org Teachers: faculty@example.org;member@example.org 	

eduPersonEntitlement

eduPersonEntitlement	
Name	URI: urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:eduPersonEntitlement OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.5923.1.1.1.7
Description	URI (either URN or URL) that indicates a set of rights to specific resources.
Implementation level	recommended
Semantics	List of resources what the user is entitled to use at the SP. The trust between the two parties must be established out of band. Note An IdP should give only the values which are relevant for the SP
Allowed values	no stipulation
No. of values	multi
Syntax	Directory String
Asserted by	institution
Example	urn:geant:niif.hu:niif:entitlement:vhoadmin

schacHomeOrganizationType

	schacHomeOrganizationType
Name	URI: urn:mace:dir:attribute-def:schacHomeOrganizationType OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25178.1.2.10
Description	Type of the Home Organisation
Implementation level	mandatory
Semantics	 university: universities and colleges nren: National research and educational network library: Libraries vho: Virtual home organisation school: Primary and secondary education business: Industrial or commercial companies other: Other test: The principal is a test account
Allowed values	urn:schac:homeOrganizationType:hu: {university,nren,library,vho,school,business,other,test}
No. of values	single
Syntax	URN
Asserted by	institution
Example	-